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LED

Light Emitting Diode

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

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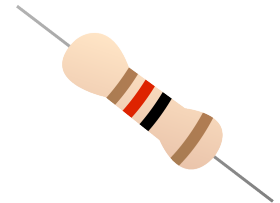
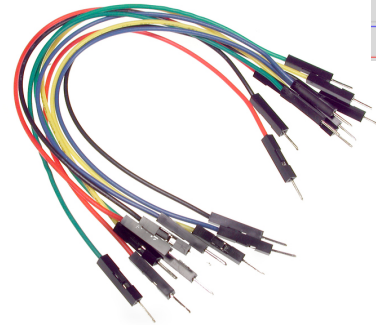
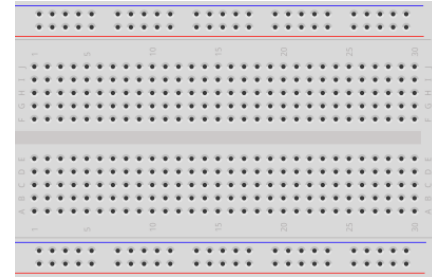
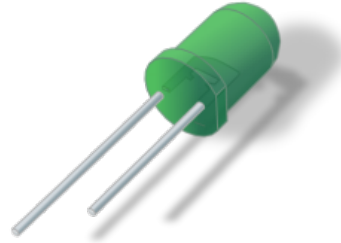


USB-6008

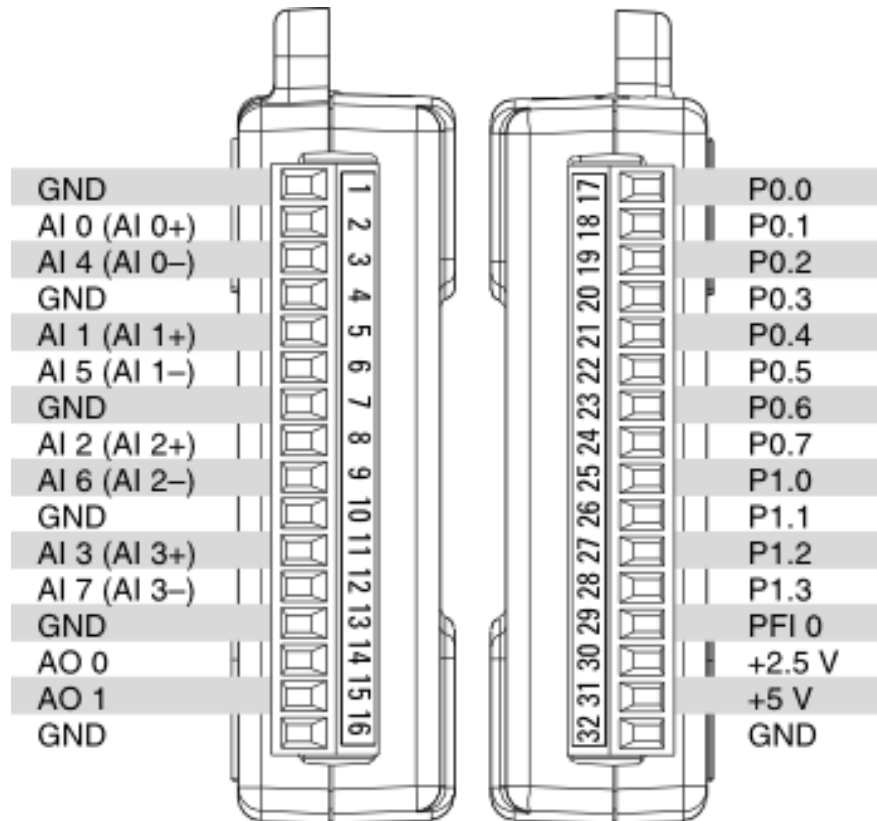
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Hardware

- DAQ Device (e.g., USB-6008)
- Breadboard
- LED
- Resistor, $R = 270\Omega$
- Wires (Jumper Wires)



USB-6008



Digital Channels

↓ DIGITAL															
32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17
GND	+5V	+2.5V	PF0	P1.3	P1.2	P1.1	P1.0	P0.7	P0.6	P0.5	P0.4	P0.3	P0.2	P0.1	P0.0

Dev1/Port0/line0:7

P0.<0..7> Port 0 Digital I/O Channels 0 to 7 — You can individually configure each signal as an input or output.

Dev1/Port1/line0:3

P1.<0..3> Port 1 Digital I/O Channels 0 to 3 — You can individually configure each signal as an input or output



Basic LED Example

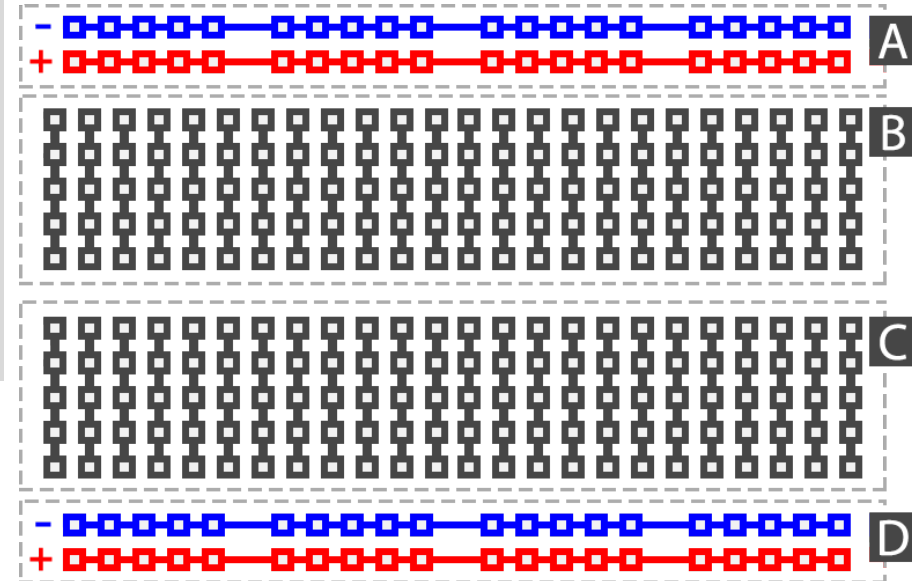
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Basic LED Example

- We will turn on/off the LED by clicking on a Boolean button on the Front Panel

Breadboard

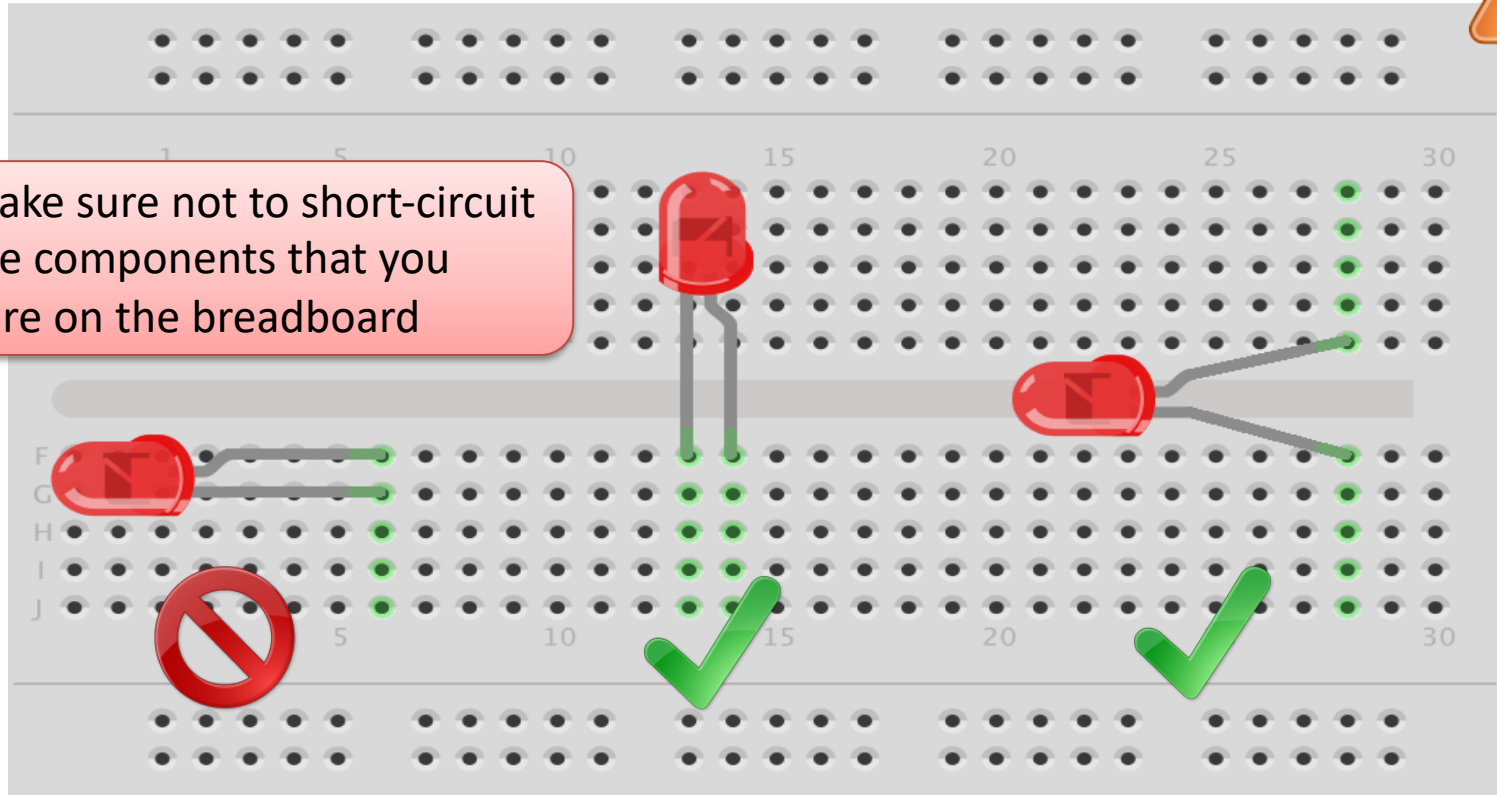
A breadboard is used to wire electric components together



Breadboard Wiring



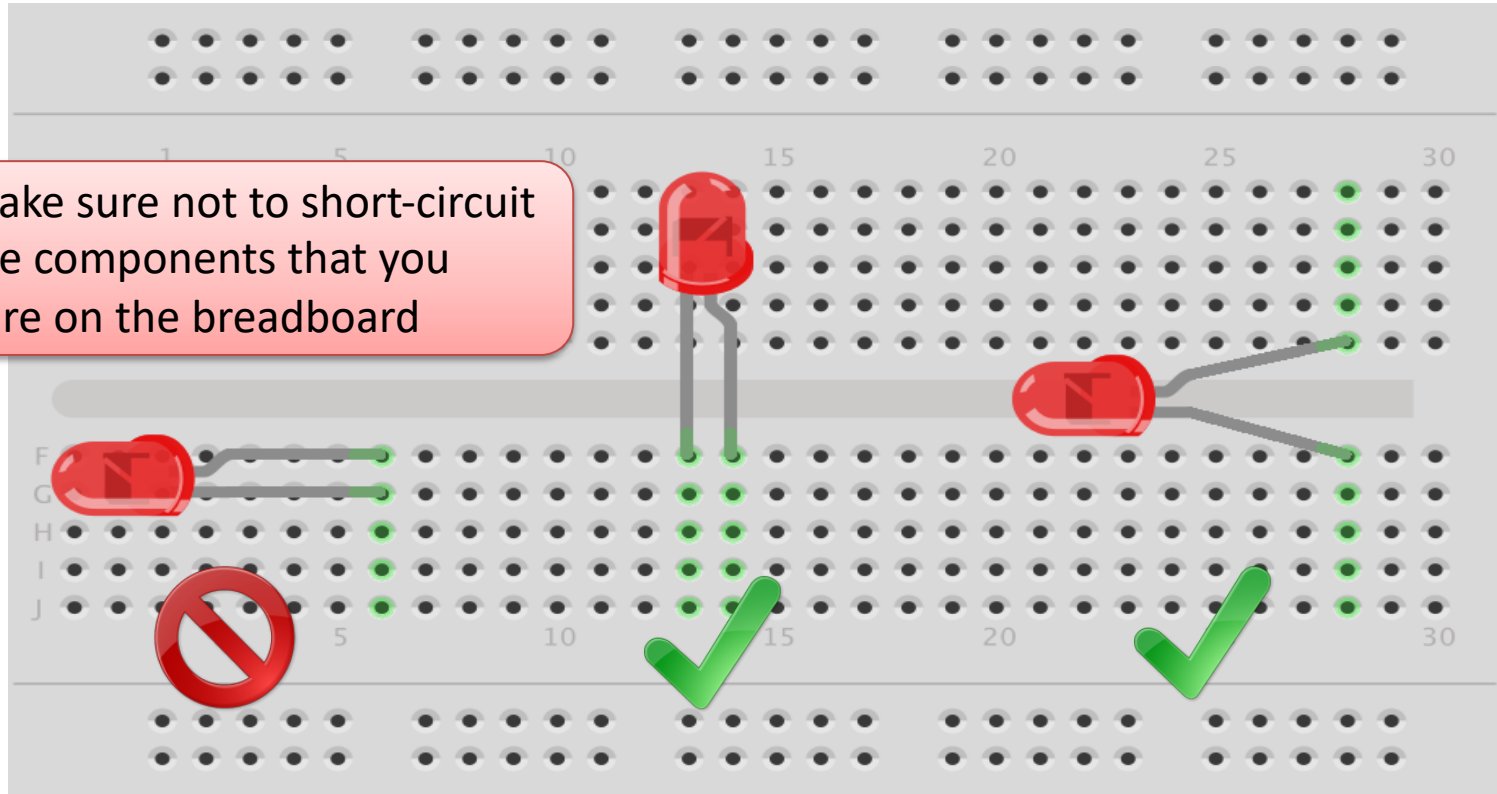
Make sure not to short-circuit the components that you wire on the breadboard



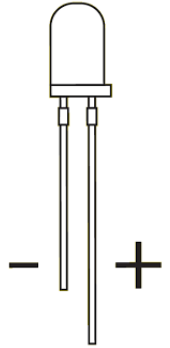
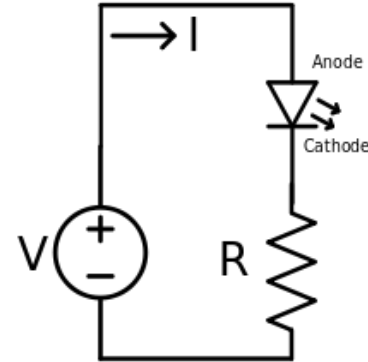
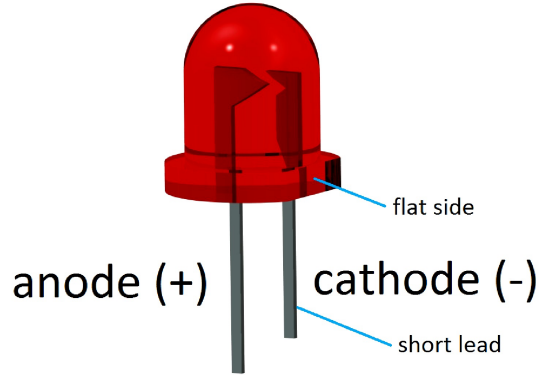
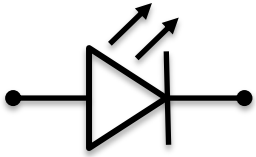
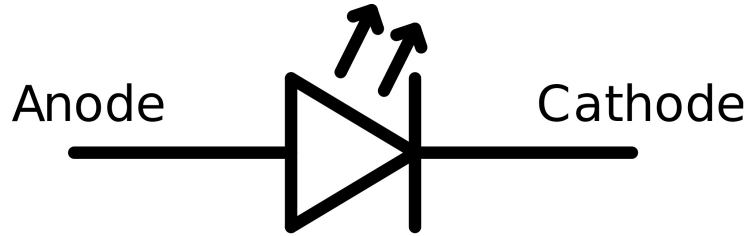
The Breadboard is used to connect components and electrical circuits

fritzing

Make sure not to short-circuit
the components that you
wire on the breadboard



Light-emitting diode - LED



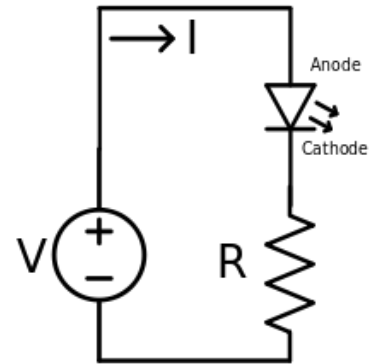
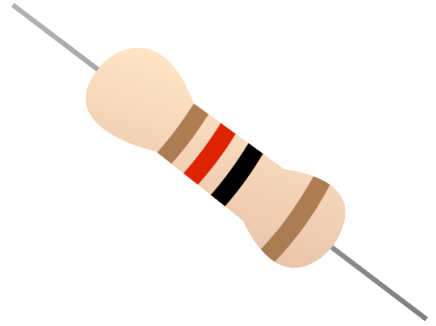
Resistors

Resistance is measured in Ohm (Ω)

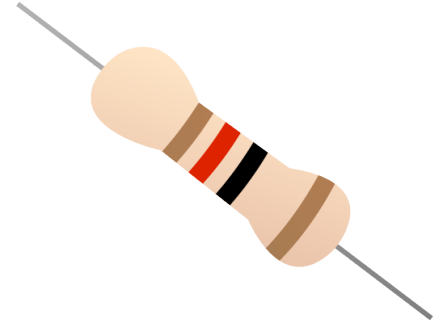
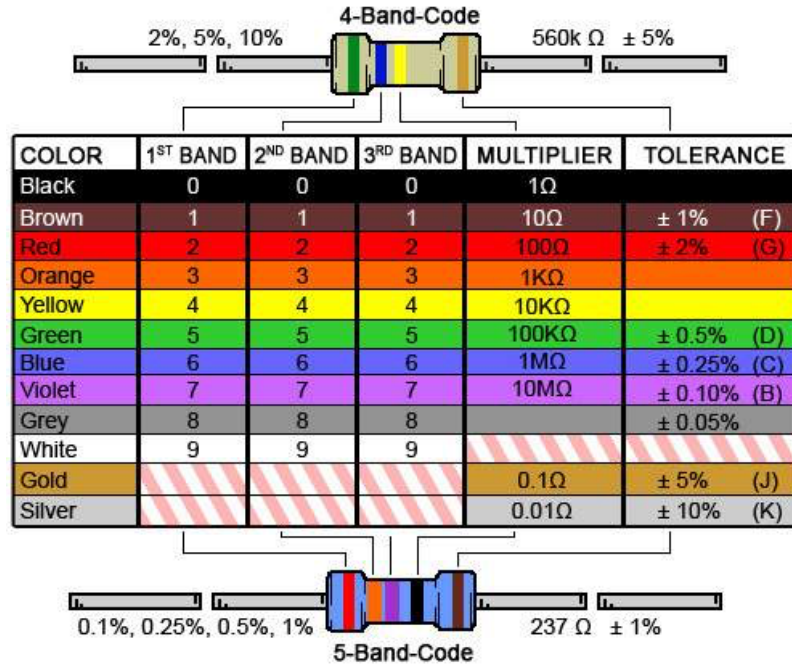
Resistors comes in many sizes, e.g., 220Ω , 270Ω , 330Ω , $1k\Omega$ $10k\Omega$, ...

The resistance can be found using Ohms Law

$$U = RI$$

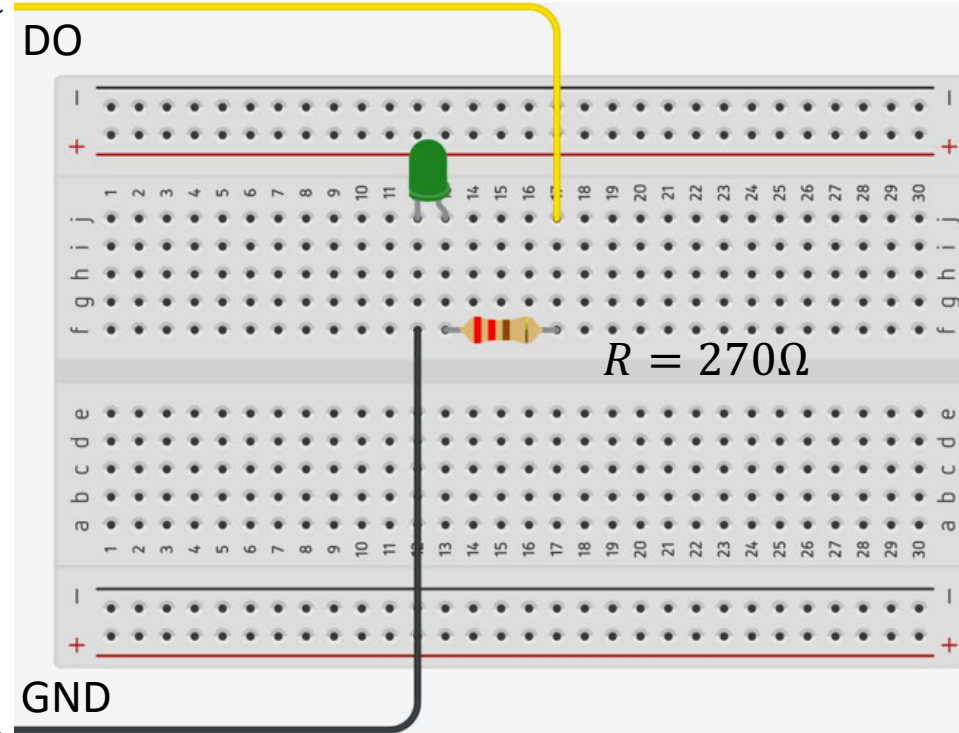
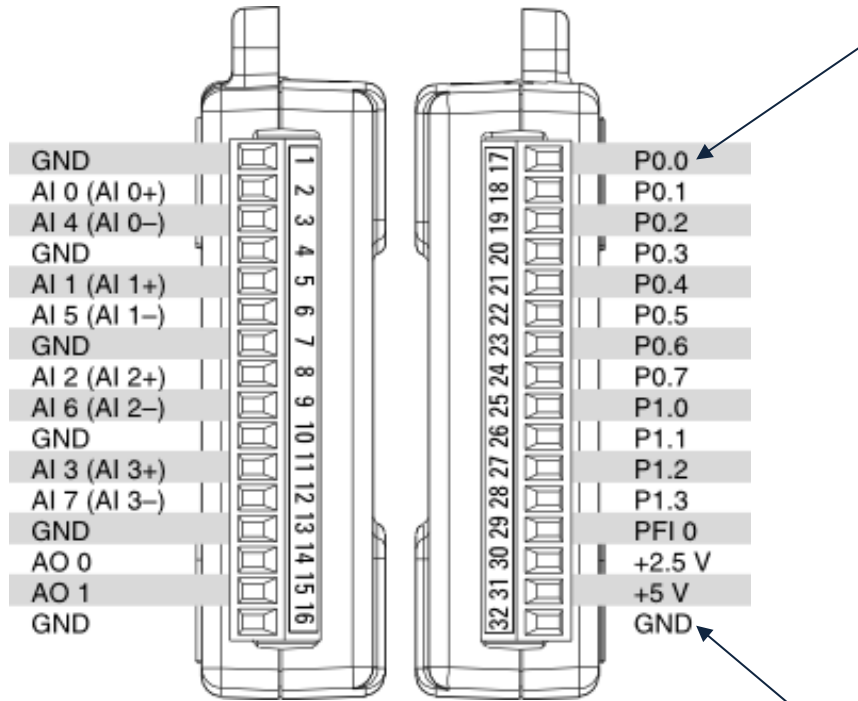


Resistor Color Codes

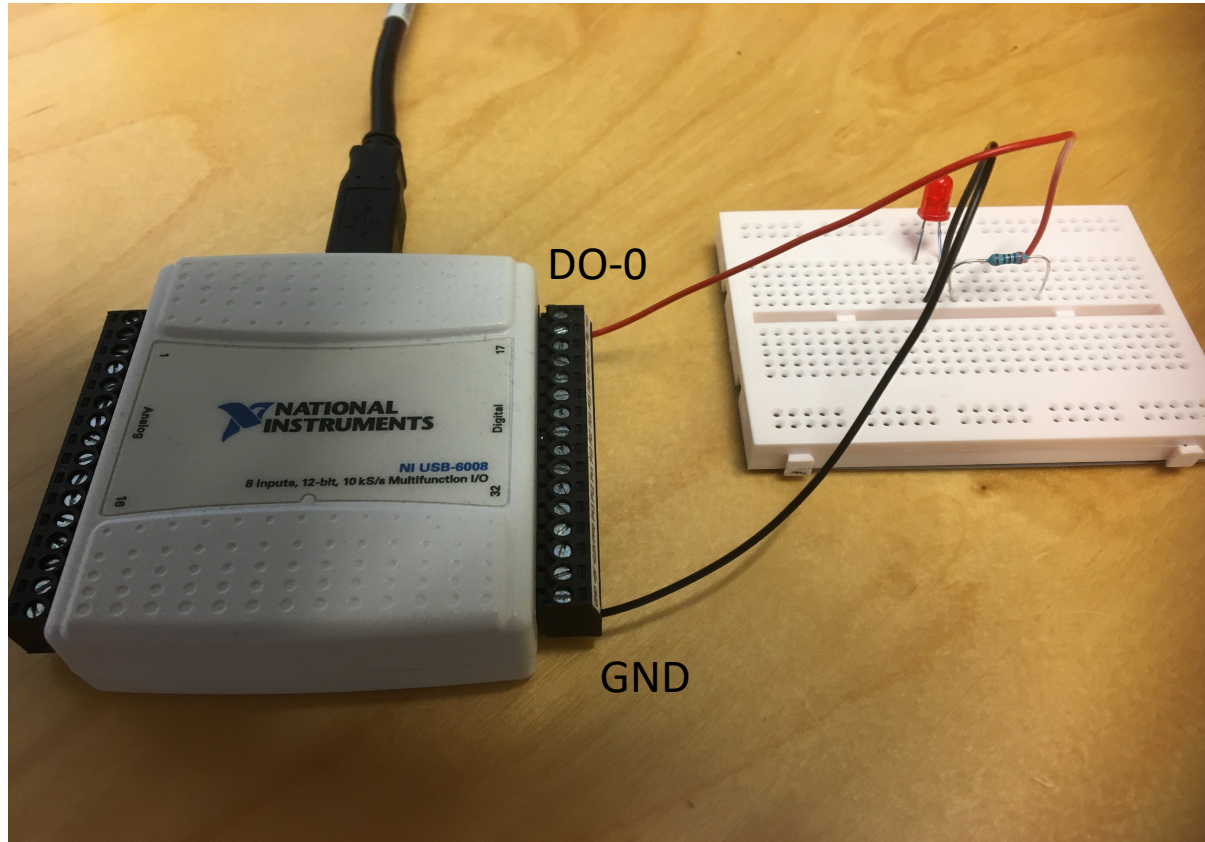


Resistor Calculator: <http://www.allaboutcircuits.com/tools/resistor-color-code-calculator/>

Wiring

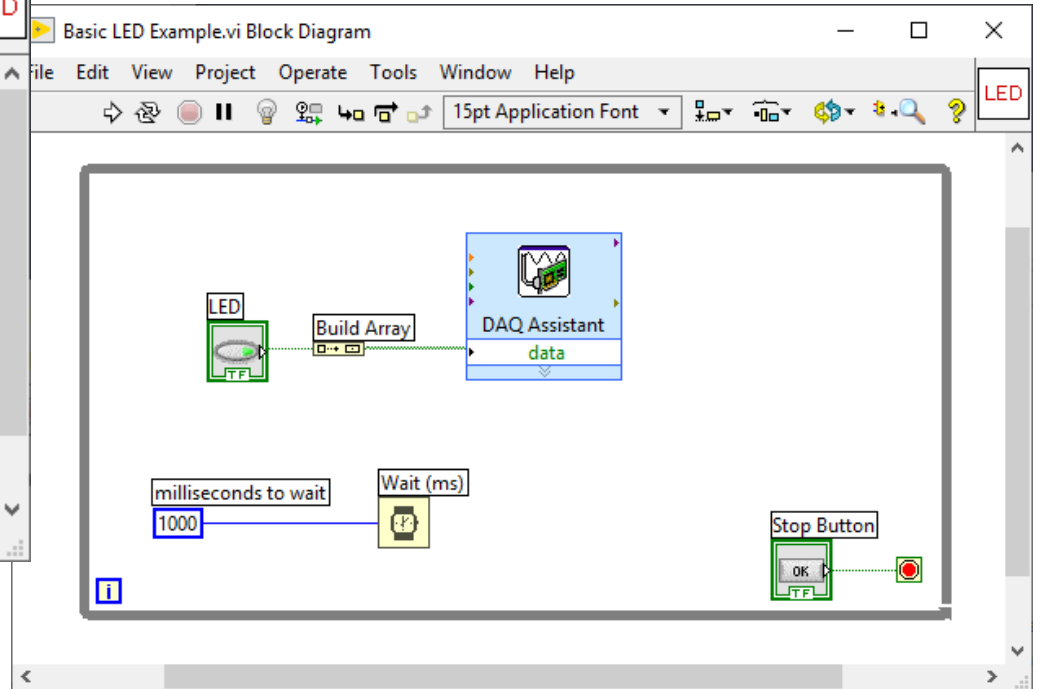
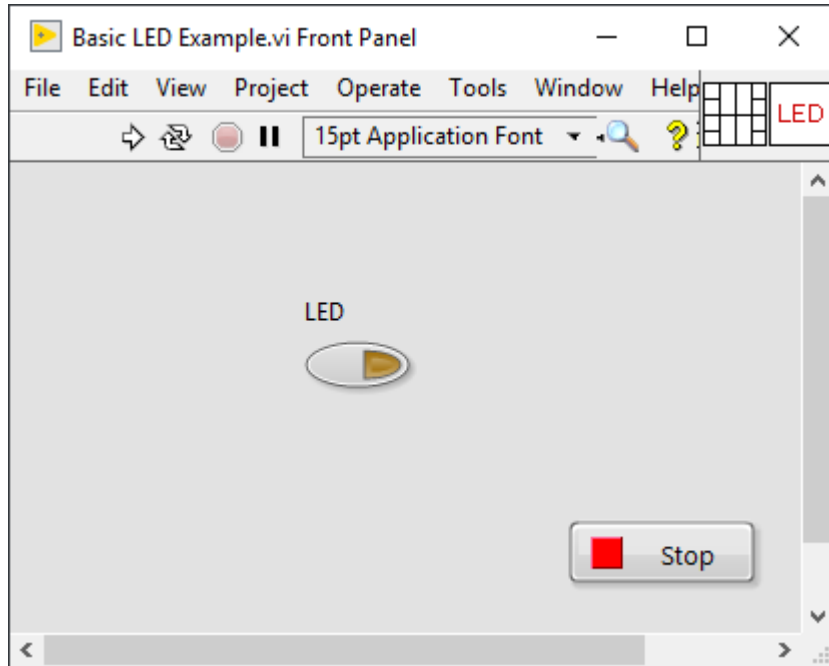


Hardware Setup

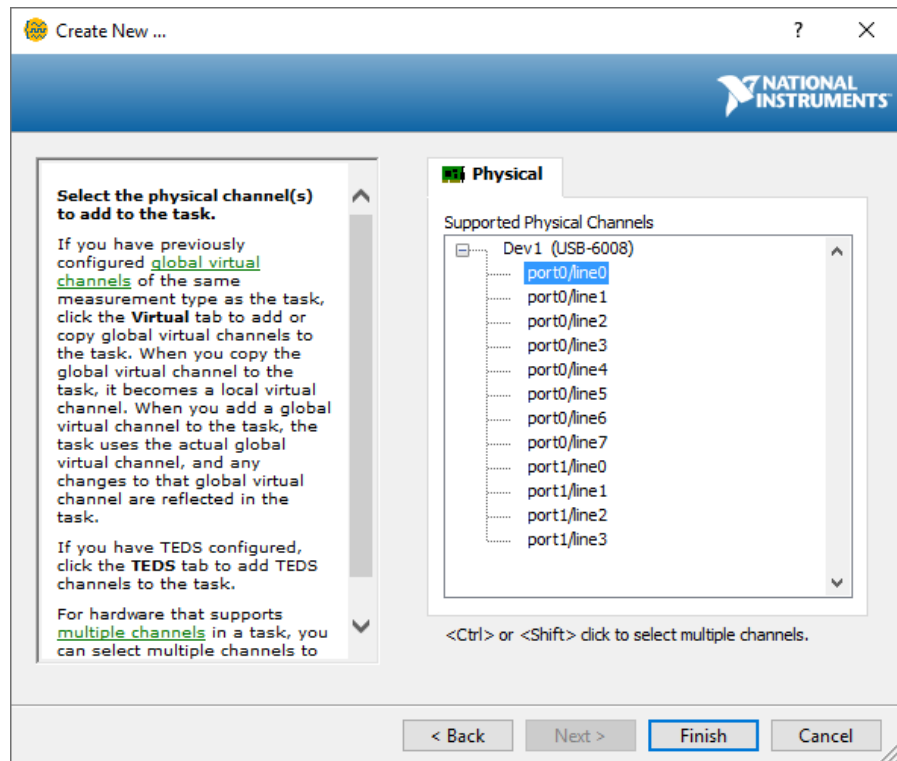
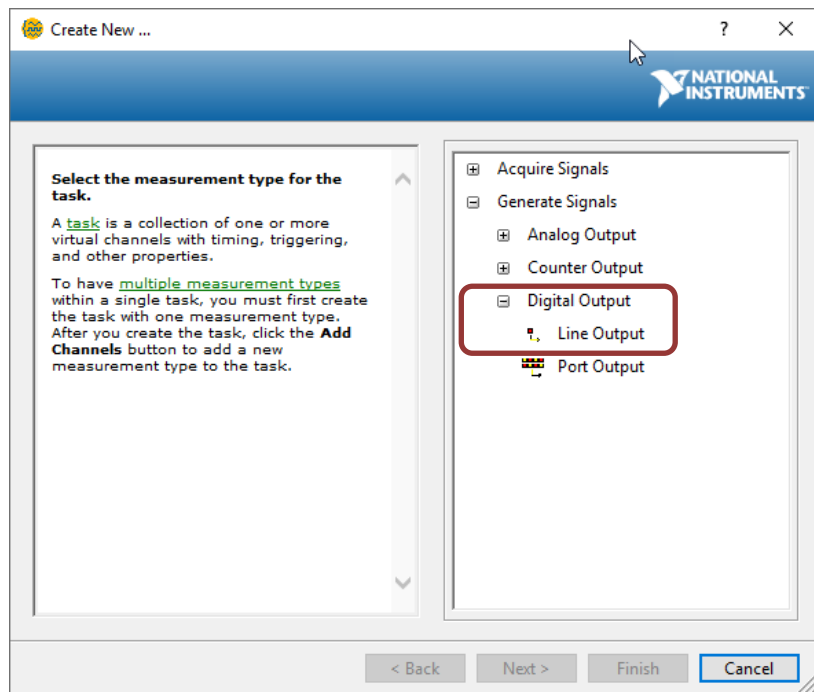


$$R = 270\Omega$$

LabVIEW Example



DAQ Settings



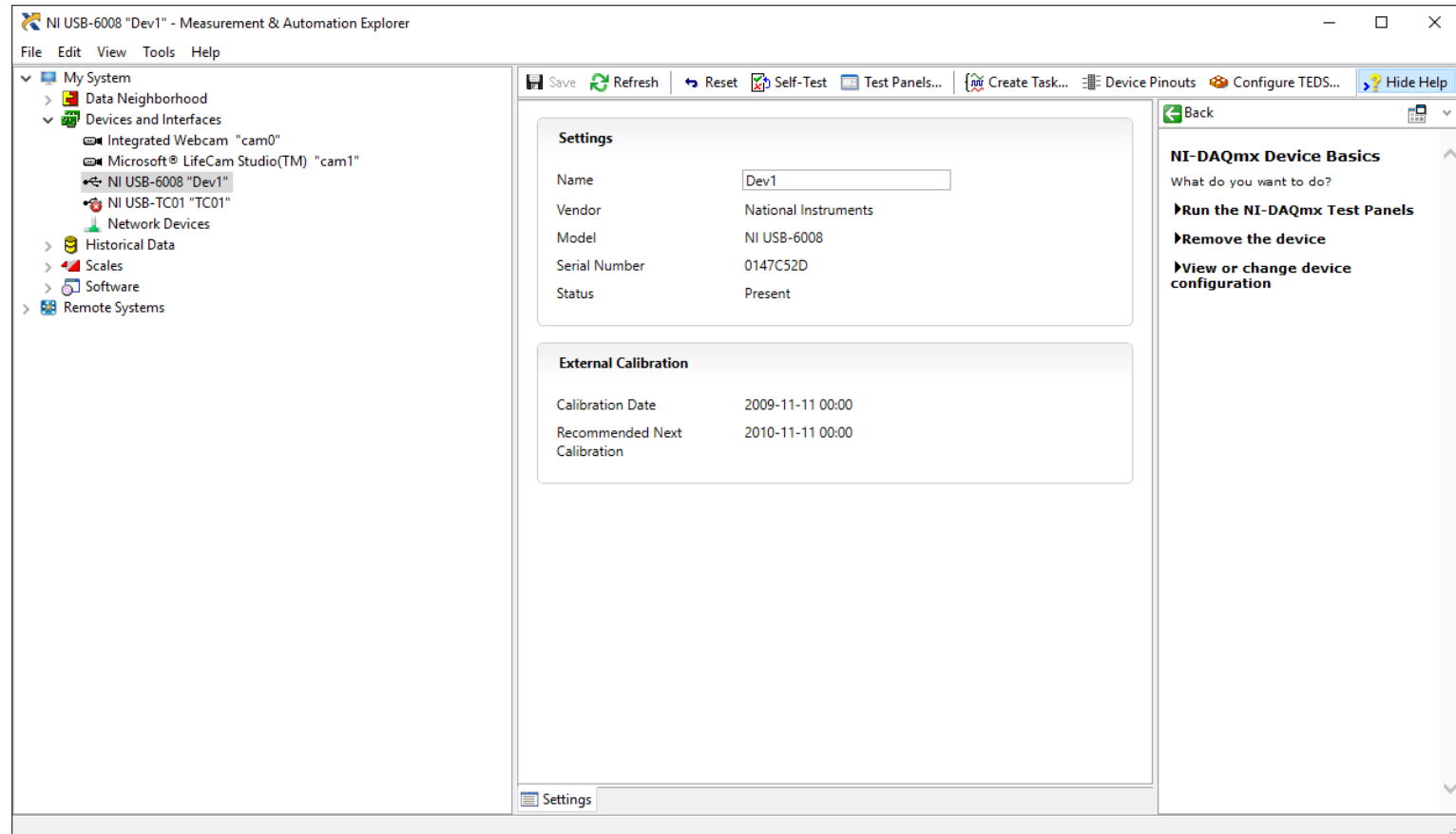
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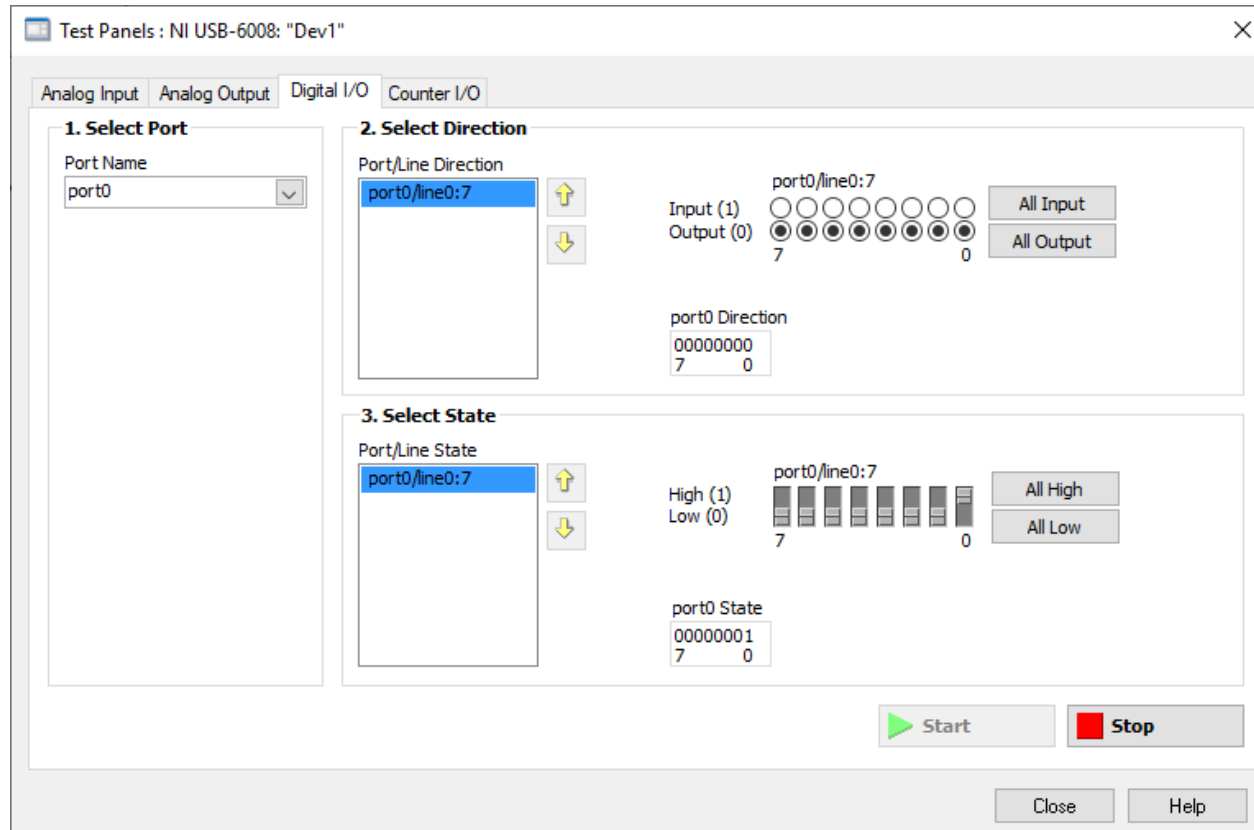
Visual Studio

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Measurement & Automation Explorer (MAX)









Test Panel in MAX



Create a new project

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-  ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework) C#
-  ASP.NET Web Application (.NET Framework) Visual Basic
-  Windows Forms App (.NET Core) C#
-  Python Application Python
-  Windows Forms App (.NET Framework) C#

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C# Windows Desktop



NUnit Test Project (.NET Core)

A project that contains NUnit tests that can run on .NET Core on Windows, Linux and MacOS.

C# Linux macOS Windows Desktop Test Web



Windows Forms App (.NET Framework)

A project for creating an application with a Windows Forms (WinForms) user interface

C# Windows Desktop



WPF App (.NET Framework)

Windows Presentation Foundation client application

C# Windows Desktop



WPF App (.NET Core)

Windows Presentation Foundation client application

C# Windows Desktop



WPF Custom Control Library (.NET Core)

Windows Presentation Foundation custom control library

C# Windows Desktop Library



WPF User Control Library (.NET Core)

Windows Presentation Foundation user control library

C# Windows Desktop Library



Blank App (Universal Windows)

A project for a single-page Universal Windows Platform (UWP) app that has no predefined controls or layout.

C# Windows Xbox UWP Desktop

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Configure your new project

Windows Forms App (.NET Framework) C# Windows Desktop

Project name

LEDApp

Location

C:\Users\hansha\OneDrive\Programming\Visual Studio Example ▾

...

Solution name ⓘ

LEDApp

☐ Place solution and project in the same directory

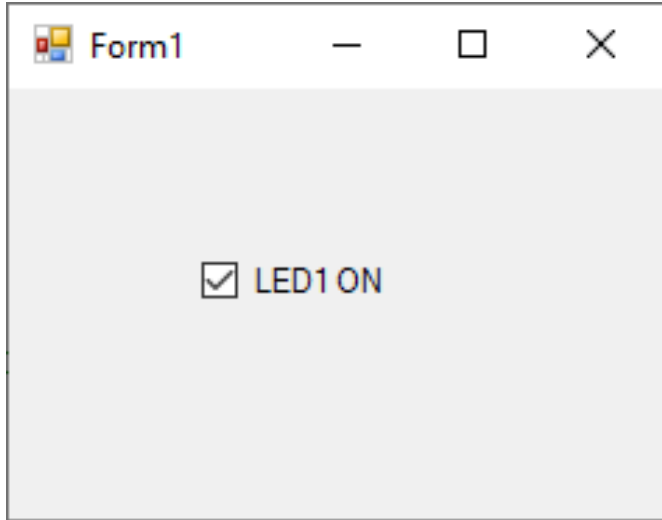
Framework

.NET Framework 4.7.2 ▾

Back

Create

Example 1



```
using System;  
using System.Windows.Forms;  
using NationalInstruments.DAQmx;
```

```
namespace LEDApp  
{  
    public partial class Form1 : Form  
    {  
        public Form1()  
        {  
            InitializeComponent();  
        }  
  
        private void chkLED_CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)  
        {  
            Task digitalOutTask = new Task();  
  
            digitalOutTask.DOChannels.CreateChannel("dev1/Port0/line0",  
                "myDACHannel",  
                ChannelLineGrouping.OneChannelForEachLine);  
  
            DigitalSingleChannelWriter writer = new  
                DigitalSingleChannelWriter(digitalOutTask.Stream);  
  
            bool digitalDataOut = chkLed1.Checked;  
  
            writer.WriteSingleSampleSingleLine(true, digitalDataOut);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Example 2



Form2

☒ LED 1

☐ LED 2

☒ LED 3

☐ LED 4

☒ LED 5

☐ LED 6

☐ LED 7

☐ LED 8

Write to

```
using System;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using NationalInstruments.DAQmx;

namespace LEDApp
{
    public partial class Form2 : Form
    {
        public Form2()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void btnWriteDaq_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            Task digitalOutTask = new Task();

            digitalOutTask.DOChannels.CreateChannel("dev1/Port0/line0:7",
                                                    "myDAChannel", ChannelLineGrouping.OneChannelForAllLines);

            DigitalSingleChannelWriter writer = new DigitalSingleChannelWriter(digitalOutTask.Stream);

            bool[] dataArray = new bool[8];
            dataArray[0] = chkLed1.Checked;
            dataArray[1] = chkLed2.Checked;
            dataArray[2] = chkLed3.Checked;
            dataArray[3] = chkLed4.Checked;
            dataArray[4] = chkLed5.Checked;
            dataArray[5] = chkLed6.Checked;
            dataArray[6] = chkLed7.Checked;
            dataArray[7] = chkLed8.Checked;

            writer.WriteSingleSampleMultiLine(true, dataArray);
        }
    }
}
```



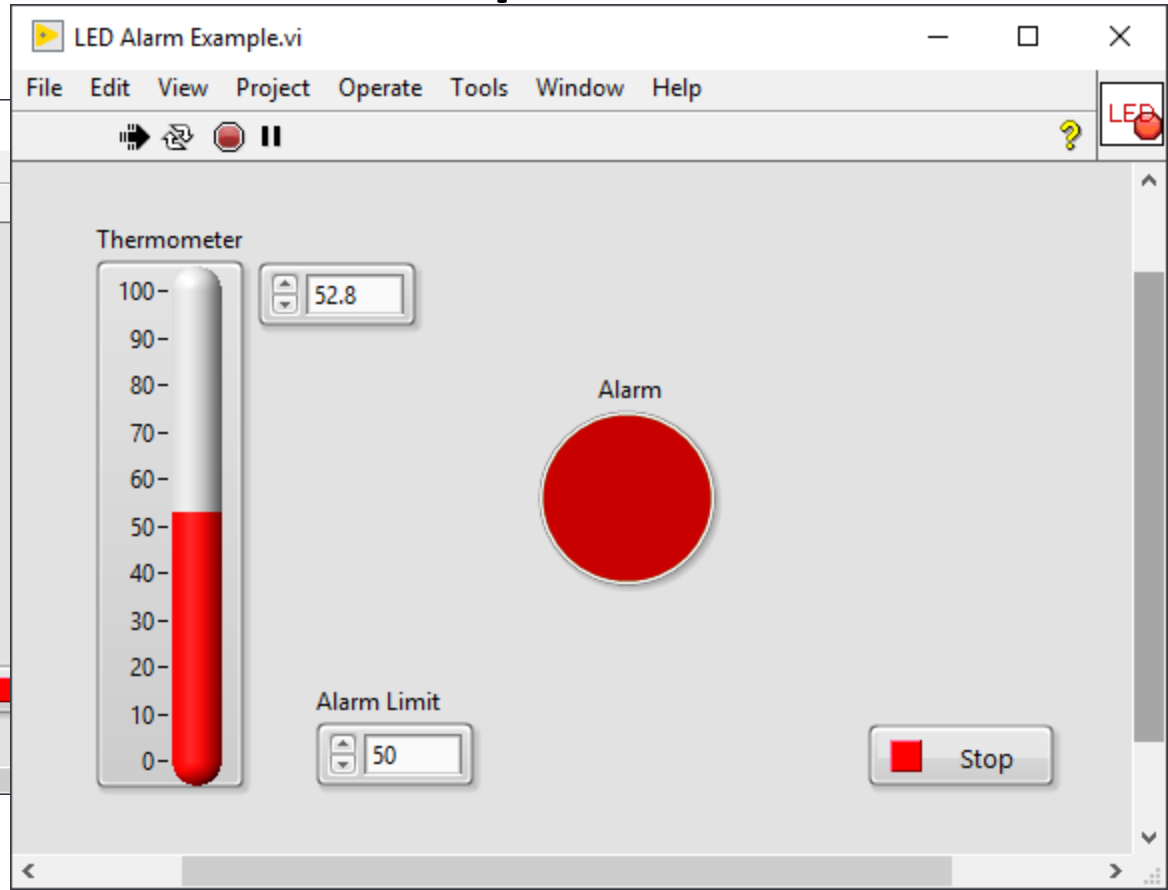
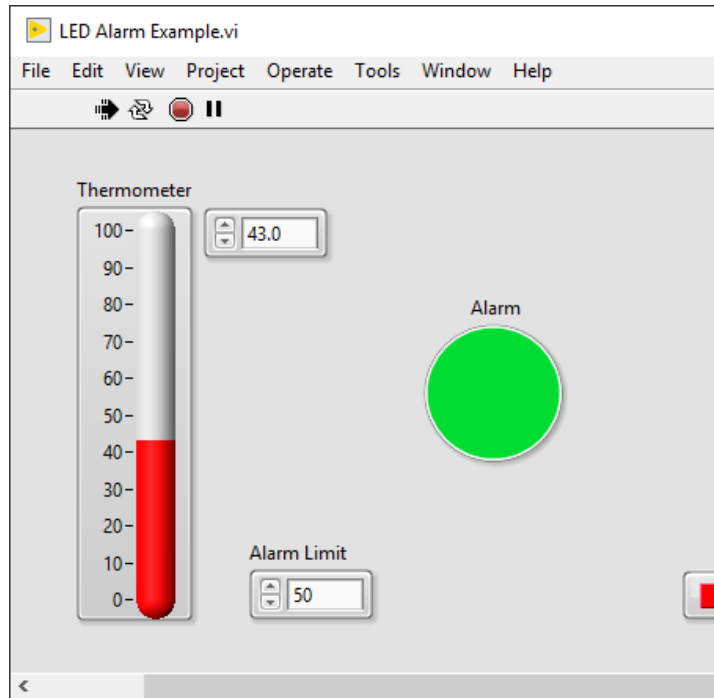
Alarm LED Example

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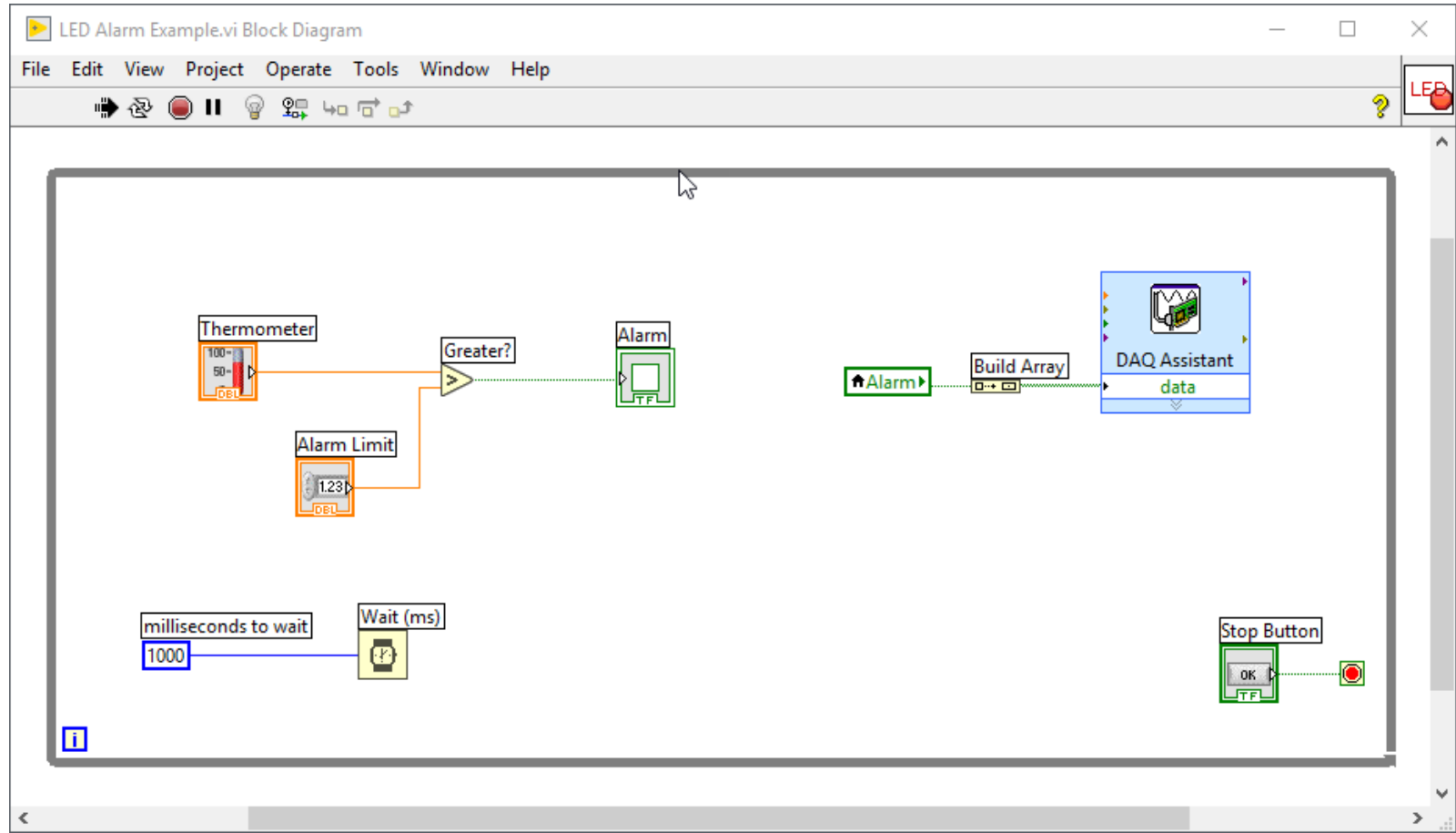
Alarm LED Example

- We will turn on the LED when the temperature reach a specific Alarm Level

LabVIEW Example



LabVIEW Example

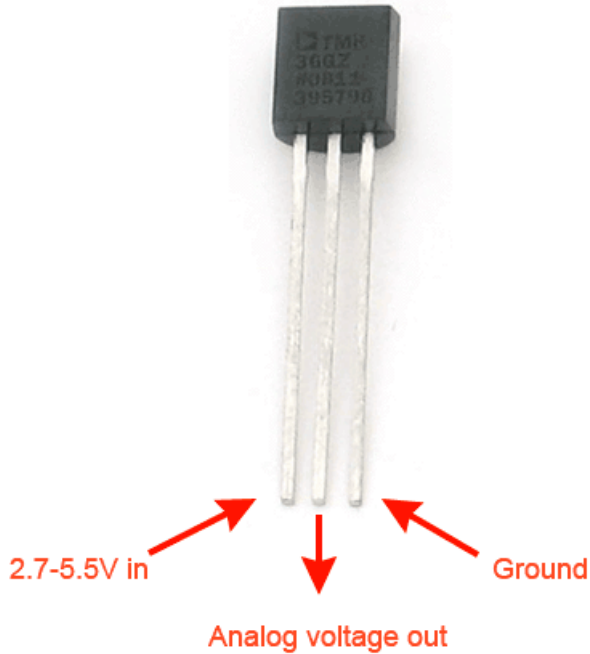




Temperature Sensor Example

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TMP36 Temperature Sensor

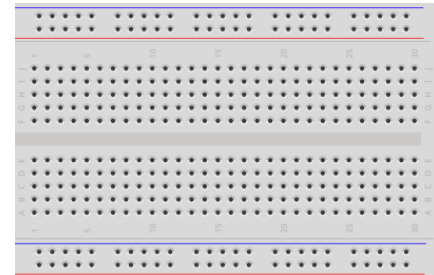
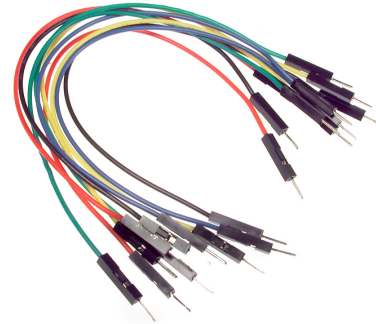


A Temperature sensor like TM36 use a solid-state technique to determine the temperature.

They use the fact as temperature increases, the voltage across a diode increases at a known rate.

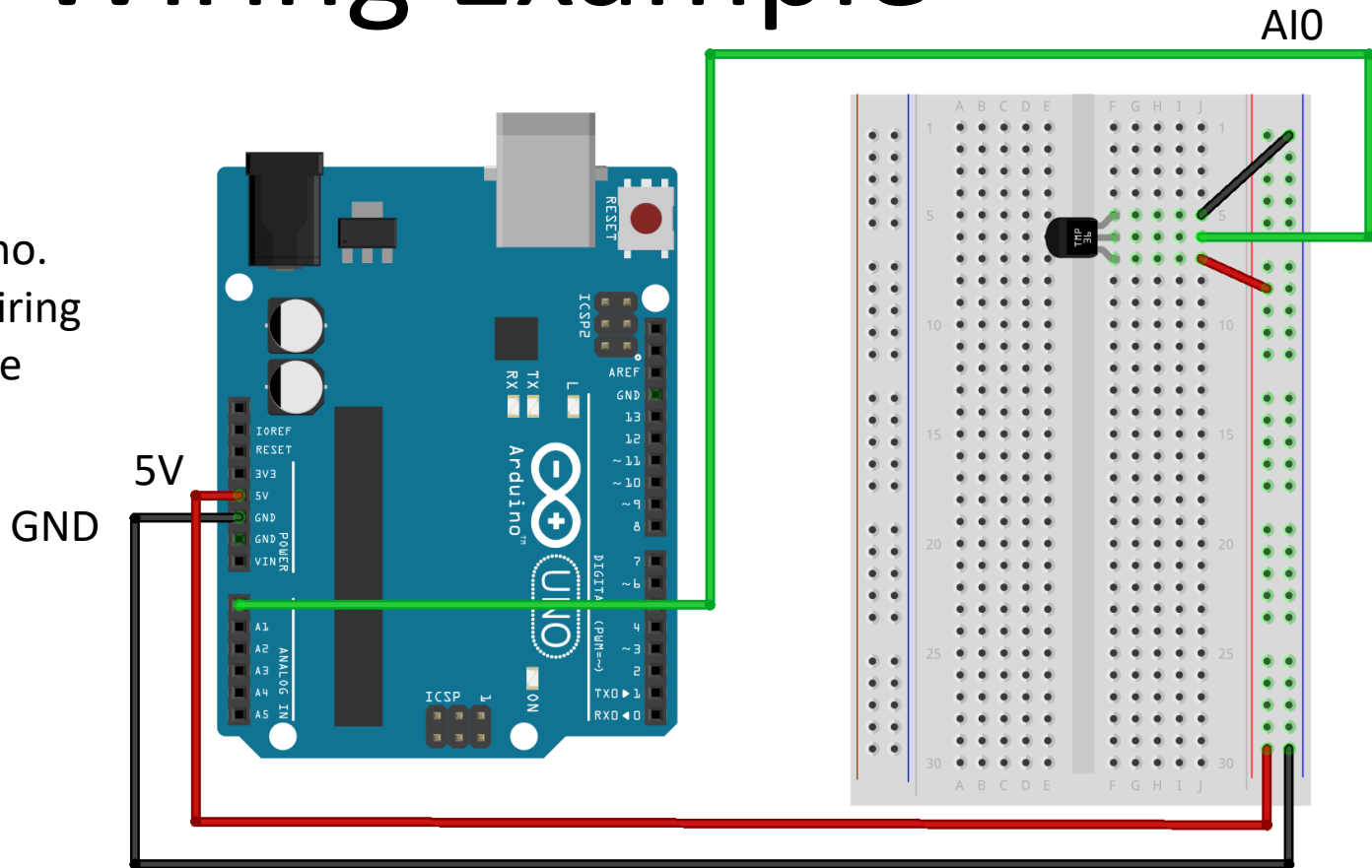
Necessary Equipment

- PC
- DAQ Module, e.g., USB-6008
- Breadboard
- TMP36
- Wires (Jumper Wires)

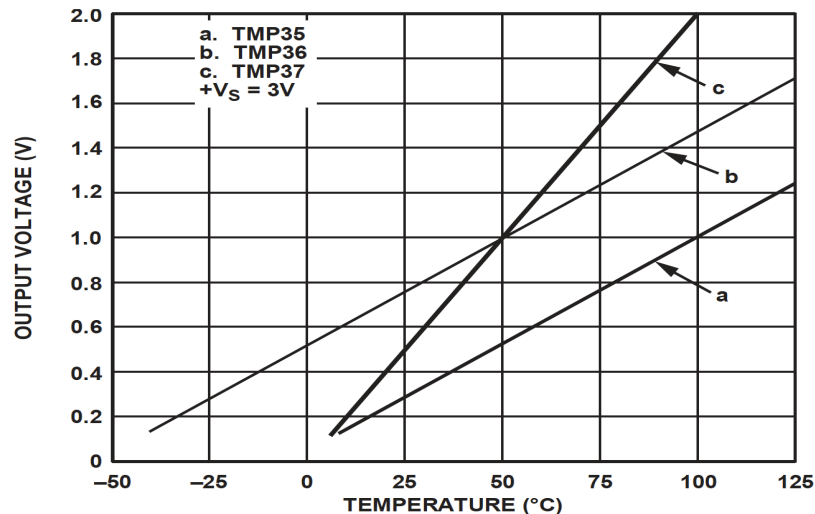


Wiring Example

Here you see a wiring examples using Arduino. You make the same wiring using a DAQ device like USB-6008 or similar.



Linear Scaling



Convert from Voltage (V) to degrees Celsius
From the Datasheet we have:

$$(x_1, y_1) = (0.75V, 25^{\circ}C)$$

$$(x_2, y_2) = (1V, 50^{\circ}C)$$

There is a linear relationship between
Voltage and degrees Celsius:

$$y = ax + b$$

This gives:

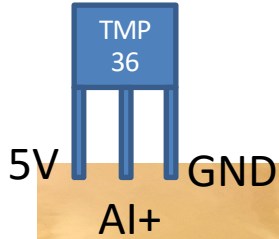
$$y - 25 = \frac{50 - 25}{1 - 0.75} (x - 0.75)$$

Then we get the following formula:

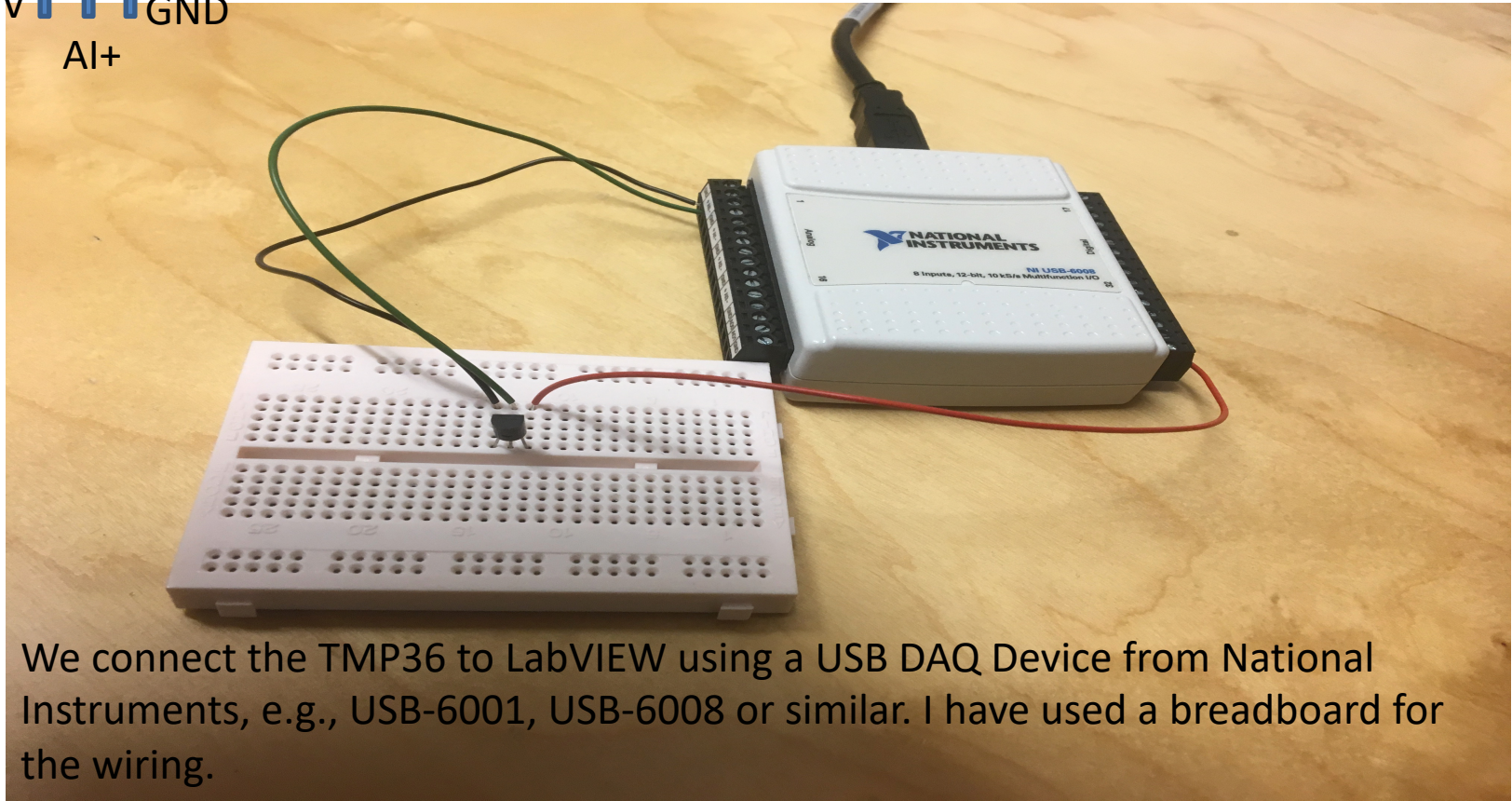
$$y = 100x - 50$$

We can find a and b using the following
known formula:

$$y - y_1 = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} (x - x_1)$$

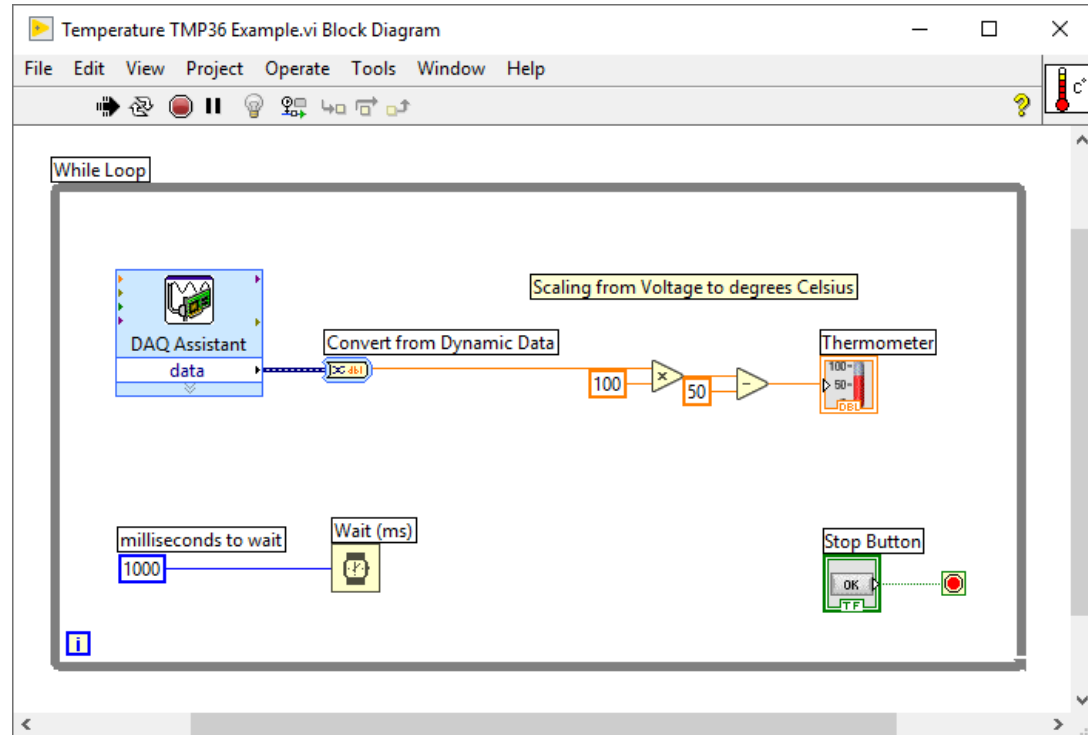
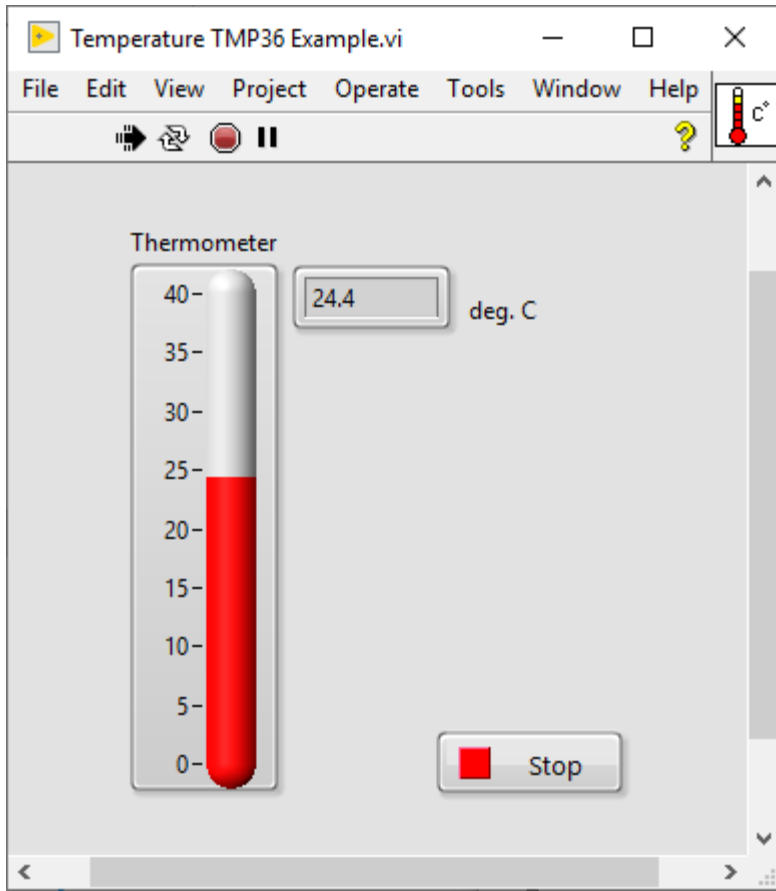


USB-6008 Wiring Example



We connect the TMP36 to LabVIEW using a USB DAQ Device from National Instruments, e.g., USB-6001, USB-6008 or similar. I have used a breadboard for the wiring.

LabVIEW Example



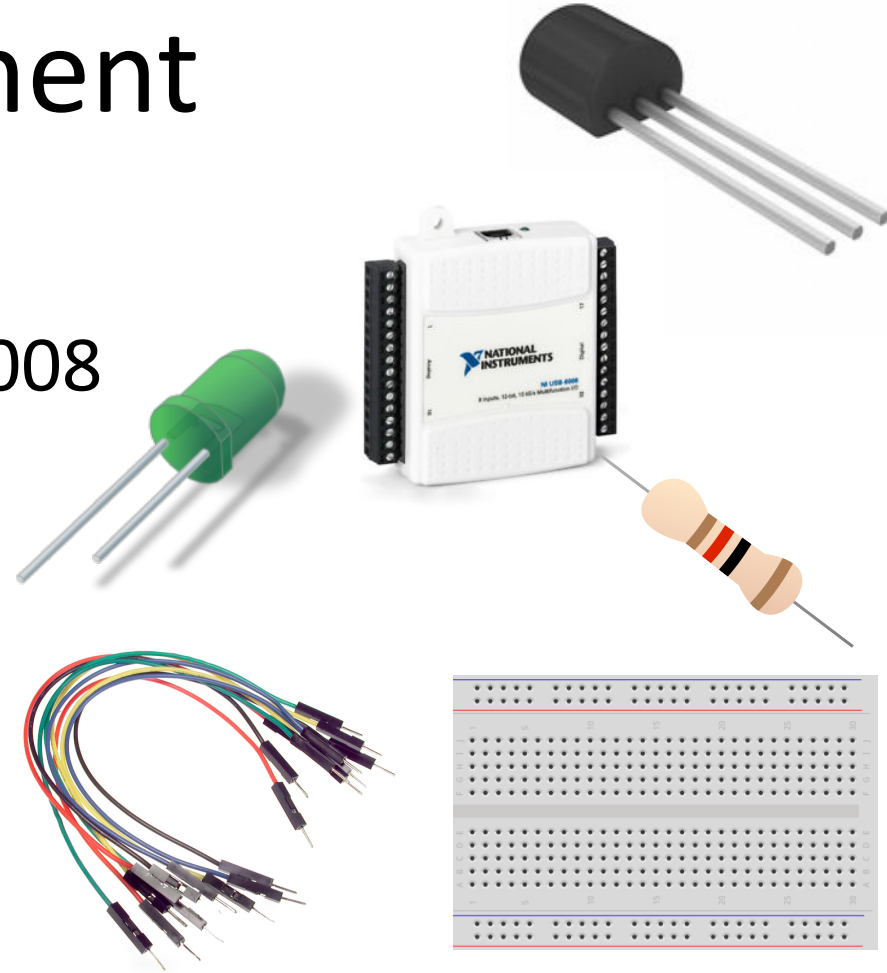


Temperature Sensor with Alarm Example

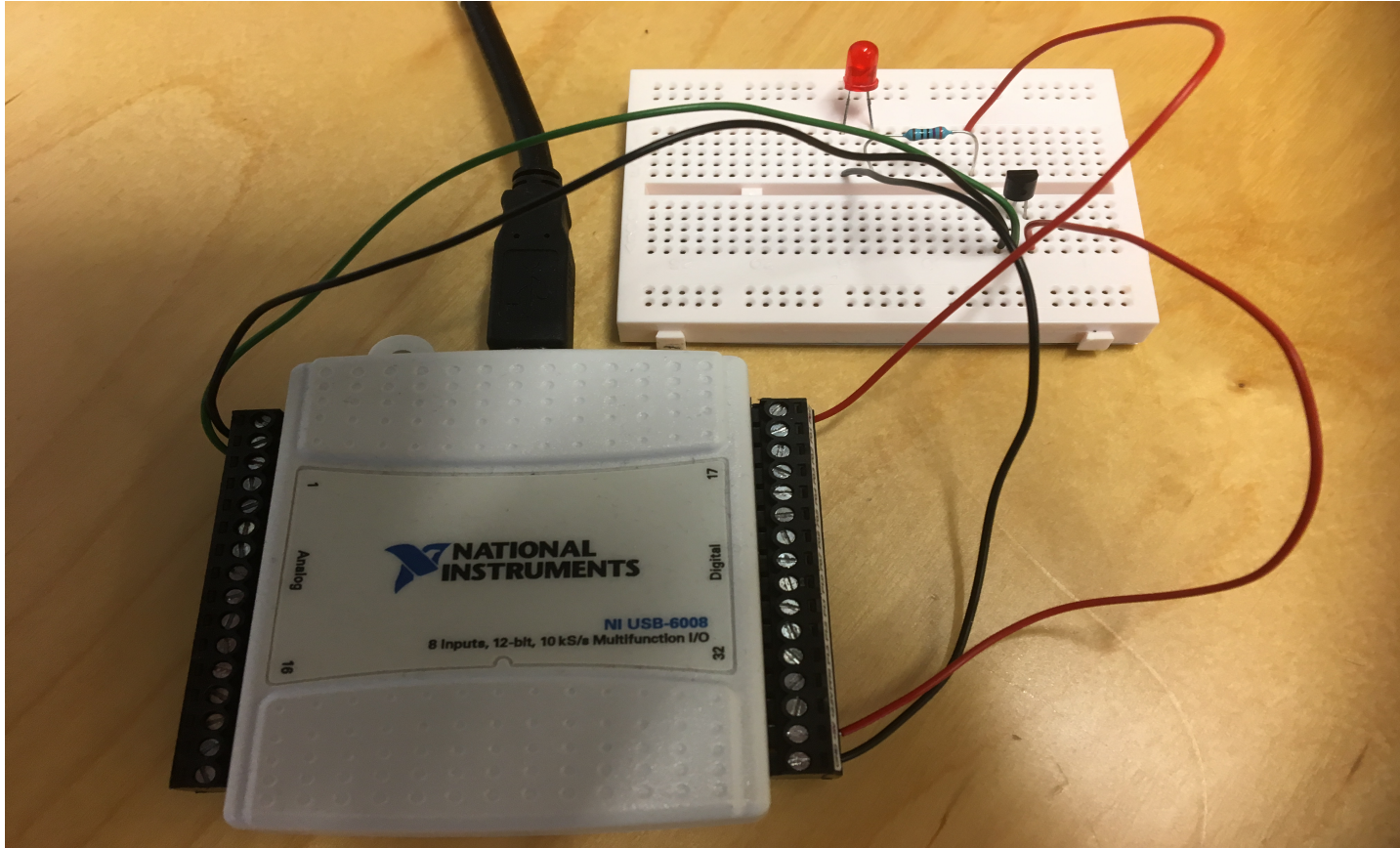
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Necessary Equipment

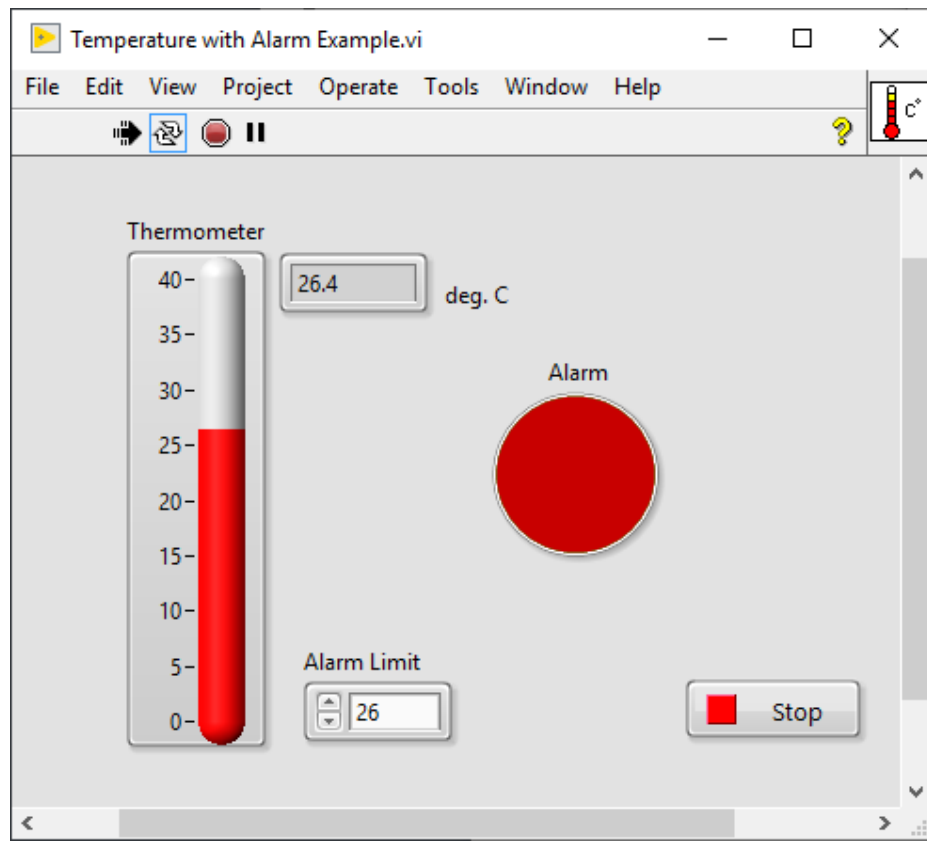
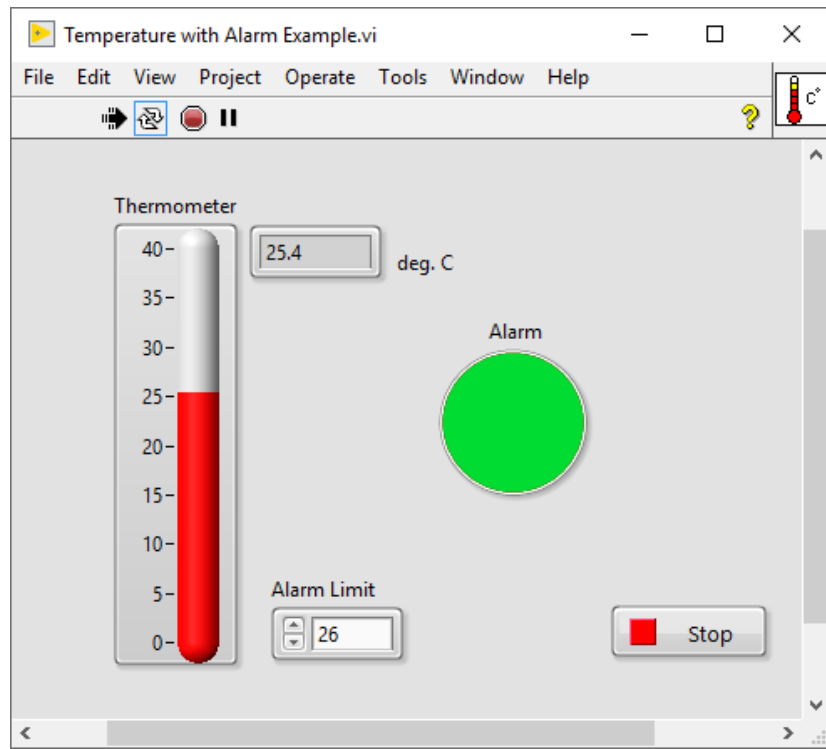
- PC
- DAQ Module, e.g., USB-6008
- Breadboard
- TMP36
- LED
- Resistor, $R = 270\Omega$
- Wires (Jumper Wires)



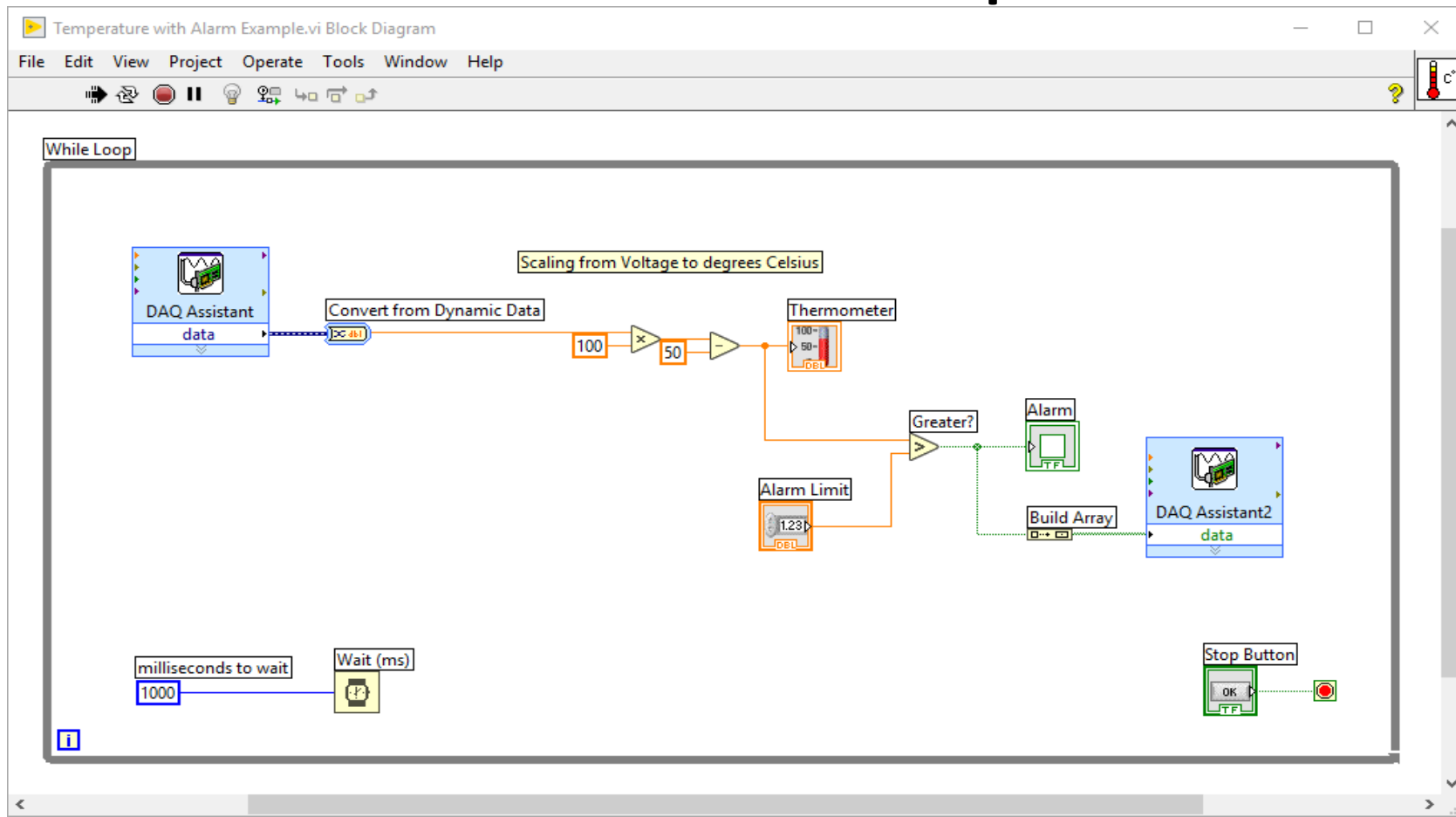
Wiring



LabVIEW Example



LabVIEW Example



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